

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVI. No. 33

EMPRESS. ALTA. THURSDAY, Jan. 17, 1929

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

United Church

The Church School, 2:00 p.m.
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.
We cordially invite you to
come and worship with us.
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

Sheep Production in Alberta.

The value of sheep on the farms and ranches in Alberta, which is now the third province in Canada in point of sheep population, is nearing the \$5,000,000 mark according to a bulletin "Sheep Production in Alberta" which has just been issued by the Department of Extension, University of Alberta. This booklet prepared by Prof. J. P. Backville and Prof. J. E. Rowland, is essentially practical and deals with the place of sheep on the farm, the various breeds and the care and management of the flock in detail. A valuable section dealing with sheep diseases prepared by Dr. P. H. Talbot, Provincial Veterinarian, has been included. Copies are available for free distribution to farmers and others interested in the sheep industry.

A "Suit Yourself" Proposition

Seattle, Wash. — A pointed and incisive communication, outlining collection difficulties, and providing a good alibi for slow pay, was received the other day by a lumberman. The letter, which is careful at the expense of elegance conveys the idea in these words:
J. S. Lumber Co.

I got your letter about what I owe you—now be patient—I ain't forgot you—please wait. Don't worry. When you fools pay me, I pay you. If this is a payment day and you were no more prepared to meet your maker as I am prepared to meet your account, you should have to go to hell.
Trusting you will do this, I remain,
Yours very truly,
J. M. Farmer.

Mantario Council Indorses Resolution

The resolution passed at a meeting of representatives of the Empire Board of Trade and Council and of R. M. Mantario and M. D. of Asand, in the "Road Through Cross bar Ranch," was endorsed at the last meeting of the Council of R. M. Mantario. A rider was added that "this be considered in this year's programme of work." An amendment by Ch. Hally to have this road considered as the first choice for grant by R. M. Mantario was defeated by the casting vote. The resolution in question is to petition both Governments, Alberta and Saskatchewan, to take over the care and upkeep of the road, north from the bridge to the top of T. Howies hill.

Harold Lloyd in "Speedy"

Harold Lloyd whose visits to the screen have been a little infrequent of late to satisfy his host of followers, will be seen for the first time in more than a year, when his latest Paramount release "Speedy" comes to the Empress Theatre this week.

"Speedy" besides having the novelty of a New York back ground and a story built around the old time horse car, has a wealth of original gags, and is guaranteed to keep any audience in a high state of hilarity.

G. Showers made a trip to Leader, on Monday.

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or GENERAL

DRAVING
Light or Heavy Work
Transfer to and from C.P.R.
Depot
Imperial Oil Agent
E. H. FOUNTAIN
Prompt attention given to all work
Phone No. 9

Time To Think About Seed Grain

(Experimental Farms Note)
While admitting the importance of high fertility and good cultivation, it is essential for a good seedling, let us not forget the importance of sowing good sound seed, pure as to variety, free from weed seeds, of high vitality, and which has been treated for smut.

The time was never more opportune or more ripe for the necessity of sowing pure seed than it is today.

With the ever increasing weed problem, and the multiplicity of varieties that are on the market, the time is at hand when we must sow pure seed if we expect to reap the high returns from our farms.

The wide awake farmer does not wait until the last minute to prepare and clean his seed, and will always be found ready when seedling time arrives, to sow seed that has been cleaned, of good germination, and which has been treated for smut.

The practice of the Morden Experimental Station, in regard to seed grain, is to clean all grain intended for seed purposes shortly after threshing, and to forward two pound samples to the Dominion Seed Branch, Winnipeg, for grading and germination test. The Seed Branch, Winnipeg, will test samples of grain from the past season's crop, received before January 1, free of charge. Too few farmers avail themselves of this opportunity.

With the long winter days at hand, when the farmer has ample time to spare, why not crank the little gas engine, start the founding mill going, get the seed grain ready, and be prepared for the big rush in the spring.

For those farmers who are mending purchasing seed grain, now is the time to get busy. Don't delay, but secure your seed early, then you will have no worries about seed grain when spring opens up.

In a seed grain survey made in Manitoba, one farmer was sowing seed supposed to be Marquis, but upon analysis, only 60 per cent was Marquis, while the other 40 per cent consisted of weed seeds, and other varieties of grain. We cannot hope to produce grain that will maintain our high standards on world markets, if more attention is not given to the seed we sow.

Ken Hendry returned from Calgary this week.

Alberta Cattle Shipped to Japan

Twenty head of registered Holstein cattle were loaded at Calgary and Edmonton on Thursday last for shipment to Vancouver and thence by the S.S. Melville of the American line to Yokohama for delivery to the Japanese government. It is expected that these cattle which will form the basis of improved dairy herds in Japan, will prove a forerunner of further similar shipments from this province to the Orient.

Oil Production Sets New Figures

Alberta petroleum production in 1928 reached total of 686,518 barrels. This is an increase of 48.4 per cent over the 1927 production of 332,133 barrels. Wells in the Turner Valley Field produced 48,505 barrels, in Daer. The increase is made up largely by the output from the Okla. No. 1 Well. The total production in the province for 1928 was made up as follows:
Turner Valley, crude naphtha, 374,795 barrels,
Turner Valley, crude oil, 104,004 barrels,
Wainwright Field, crude oil, 6,910 barrels.

Proper Hitches Explained

All farmers using horses to supply farm power will find some valuable advice on hitches and equipment for teams of four to twelve horses in a pamphlet recently issued by the Great West Saddlery Co. The booklet has been compiled with the assistance of some of the outstanding University Extension Departments on the Continent and includes comparisons of horse power and utility with power machinery. As measurements are given for the lengths of equalizers so that the proper division will be made among all horses when large teams are used, the booklet should prove of great value to all farmers who employ horses.

By means of these hitches one man can easily drive from four to thirty horses with one pair of lines and pull large implements or combinations of implements. It is claimed that horses so hitched in large teams; considerably reduce labor costs and that they are the cheapest form of farm power. A copy of the booklet will be sent upon request by the Great West Saddlery Co. Ltd., Calgary.

Coniferous Leaves Valuable

Investigation shows value of forest litter to be enormous. The fertilizing value of forest litter, composed of fallen leaves and twigs, has long been recognized in this country where we have not had to grow our wood little has been given to the soil on which the trees grow. With the disappearance of the virgin stands and our ultimate dependence on second growth secured by either natural or artificial means, every factor which affects the rate of growth of the timber becomes important.

A study of the forest leaf litter deposited by red and jack pine in Michigan has just been completed by the United States Forest Service and it showed that on the average, the annual deposit of needles per acre weighed 2257 lbs. air dried and 2100 lbs. over dried. Most of the needles fell between the middle of June and the middle of October.

From the chemical analysis of samples of the litter it was found that the accumulation on an acre in one year contained from 8 to 15.5 lbs. of nitrogen, 9.9 to 21 lbs. of calcium, 2.1 to 3.5 lbs. of phosphorus, 3.6 to 3.8 lbs. of potassium and 5.6 to 7.7 lbs. of sulphur.

The nitrogen content alone averaged 15 lbs. per acre, which is from one sixth to one eighth of the amount of nitrogen collected by a crop of alfalfa.

In an unburned forest there is an accumulation of three or four years undecomposed and if a fire destroys this, it robs the soil of from 10 to 40 lbs. of nitrogen per acre, to replace which would require the application of from 900 to 13,000 worth of sodium nitrate per year.

It was found also that a ton of this litter could absorb one and one half tons of water and in addition to the water that soaked into the needles themselves, a large amount is held for a time by the litter but eventually drains away.

Dr. McNeill has been handicapped in attending the sick while suffering from "flu" himself.

MARCELLING HAIR-CUTTING FACIALS, Etc.

Mrs. S. A. BARNES
Phone 3
EMPRESS

Receives Stiff Sentences for Tendering of False Cheques

O. Chris Brown, late of Blind, who cashed on November 23 and 24, one N.S.F. cheque with local merchants, amounting to 197.00, was sentenced in Calgary Police Court by Mag. Saunders, to four months hard labor on each charge, sentences to run concurrently. The accused pleaded guilty. He was arrested on complaint to Cons. Barnes of the Empress & P.P. Detachment at Coutta, Alta., when about to enter the United States. He will be deported to the U.S. when the sentences have been served.

BABY CHICKS

Canada's Best-Laid, White Leghorns, Barred Rocks, Reds, Wyandottes, White Rocks, Anconas, Minorcas, Orpingtons, Friesen, teal, trap-needs and Inspected Flocks. Big Discount for Orders received by January 1st. Write for Free Catalogue. Alex. Taylor's Hatchery, 262 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man.

The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.

Town Deliveries made if required.

MURRAY The Baker

Winter Goods

Windbreakers and Sweaters, Pullovers and Coats, at 10 per cent. Off

Mackinaws, G.W.G. and Carre's at Greatly Reduced Prices

SPECIAL

Fleece-lined Underwear, combs, at 1.55

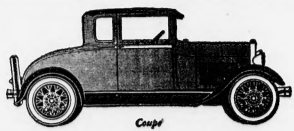
F. G. Sandercock If Men Wear It, Sandy Has It

SCHOOL SCRIBBLERS
and other School Supplies and Requisites. You will find our stock is most complete.

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

ENQUIRE ABOUT
The Advance Rumely
New Light - Powered
TRACTOR

The Empress Lumber Yards
J. N. ANDERSON, prop.



CAR TROUBLES
Why worry about them. Buy a FORD CAR and you will not have any. Besides you will get real service, that is our motto.
Service with a smile. Free Air. Warm Garage. Competent Workmen who know their cars.
N. D. Storey, the Ford Man

EMPRESS THEATRE

This Week:
HAROLD LLOYD
in
"SPEEDY"
Prices: 60c., H.S., 35c. and 25c.

Next Week:
"Under The Black Eagle"
with
Ralph Forbes, Marceline Day and "Flash"
Prices: 50c. and 25c.

*Good taste
good results*

Christie's Water Ice Wafers

You'll be delighted with their *own-fresh* crispness. That's why these golden wafers with deliciously flavored ice fillings make such a popular appeal.

In the store or
on the phone,
always ask for

Christies Biscuits

The Standard of Quality Since 1853

Canada in 1928

The year of 1928 is drawing to a close, and it is timely, therefore, to take a glance backward and endeavor to size up, however briefly, the extent of the progress made by Canada during the twelvemonth.

It will, we believe, be generally agreed that the hopeful outlook for Canada so eloquently expressed by press and platform at the time of the Diamond Jubilee celebrations last year has been strengthened by the developments of this year. During 1928, Canada has been prosperous and has made substantial progress in many ways, while in no one respect has it slipped back. Viewing the Dominion as a whole, there does not appear to be any one section that is not occupying a more favorable position at the close of the year than it did when the year opened.

Commencing down in the Maritime Provinces, it is frankly recognized that conditions are immeasurably better and that an entirely new spirit of confidence prevails which is in sharp contrast to the depression, even pessimism, which was noticeable a year or two ago. The people of the Maritimes are imbued with a new courage and energy, and are tackling their problems, and engaging in productive enterprises, in a manner which recalls the days of their earlier history.

Throughout Quebec and Ontario, the industry has been maintained at a high level, building construction in the cities has been carried out on a scale surpassing that of previous years, and as a consequence of these things employment has been general, wages good, and all business has enjoyed a fair share of the resultant prosperity.

Dealing more particularly with the Prairie Provinces, the same advancement is to be noted, but to an even more marked degree. A larger acreage of wheat, before was sown to crop, and the largest volume of grain in the history of this country produced. Unfortunately, early frosts before the grain had fully ripened resulted in a serious reduction in grades and consequent heavy loss to the producers. Nevertheless, substantial progress has been made.

The rapid progress made in the building of the Hudson Bay Railway, the completion of the branch line to the Flin Flon, and the projection of other lines into the mineral-rich northern sections of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and the successful conclusion of negotiations whereby the C.P.R. and C.N.R. jointly assume the ownership and operation of the railways in northern Alberta, have opened a new era for the West, and in the next few years a great volume of wealth will flow out of these formerly inaccessible regions.

And, while these Western provinces will long remain pre-eminently agricultural in character and production, their present population of over two million people and their continuing growth and increased productive capacity have during this year attracted the attention of manufacturing industry as never before. The year marked the beginning of a large movement of manufacturing industry westward which, it is confidently predicted will take on additional momentum in 1929 and succeeding years.

With development proceeding at an accelerated pace and on a permanent basis throughout the prairie country, the Pacific Coast province is enjoying a larger home market for its lumber and mining products, and to an increasing extent is becoming the outlet through which Western grain passes to the markets of the world.

Such developmental activity in all the Provinces has found its complement in an increasing increase in the trade and commerce of the Dominion, in buoyant revenues leading to gratifying decreases in the public debt, greater financial stability, reduced taxation.

Coupled with all these evidences of material growth and prosperity, Canada has been fortunate in 1928 because of an absence of any great disasters or epidemics or disease. There has, also, been an absence of any great social unrest or industrial strife. Progress has been well balanced in all the activities of the Canadian people, who, taken as a national family, have found their ways to be ways of pleasures and peace.

With 1928 having provided such an immediate background, and bearing in mind the staunchness of the foundations laid in preceding years, Canadians can, and do, look forward with confidence to the new year soon to dawn, and with, we are convinced, a determination to still higher and nobler achievement.

Rest Home For Horses

Animals Reiterate On Estate Of
Duchess Of Portland

What becomes of the overworked horses of London? Some of them find their way to Welbeck Abbey as the guests of the Duchess of Portland. The host of a horse struggling with a load beyond its strength is to be much for a sterner love of animals. The Duchess often stops and buys a stray overworked horse, in the street, and sends it to her rest home in the Midlands, where some of these animals are to be found kicking about the fields fit and fat and strong and ready for work again.

A New York paper refers to very careful autos as "three and four" drivers. Well, after all, they probably keep more of the traffic jam.

Break Colds

Colds are quickly broken with
Minard's. Rub it on chest
and throat and also inhaled.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
ANALGESIC

W. W. L. 1704

Women Are Trained

For Domestic Work

British Women To Receive Tuition
For Employment Overseas

A move is being made by the Overseas Settlement Department to organize residential hostels in various parts of the kingdom, where women will receive tuition in domestic management as a preliminary to their departure to domestic employment overseas. The training hostel opened last December by the Duchess of York, at Market Harborough, has proved a great success, and other hostels are now under consideration for Scotland, Lancashire, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and Wales.

No More Ashura. Dr. D. J. Kellogg's Ashura Remedy found the death knell of this trying remedy. It stops the awful chills and painful burning. It guards against night attacks and gives renewed ability to sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is claimed for this remedy, but for nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from Ashura try it and convince yourself of its great value.

Enough To Start With
Her Very New Ladyship (who is arranging to give a party at a fashionable house she has taken). "And there will be enough Ashura Parker!"
The Butler (taken on with the furniture). "Yes, m' lady, at the beginning of the evening, anyway."

Good Market In Belgium

Country Shows Partiality For Many Of Canada's Products

The extent to which the Department of Trade and Commerce, through its emissaries, the Canadian trade commissioners in Europe, is expanding trade for Canadian firms was shown at a conference last night with Jean J. Guay, Canadian government trade commissioner in Brussels, with his headquarters in Brussels, after spending six months in Canada. Mr. Guay is returning by way of Antwerp, on the Red Star Line Lapland, sailing from Halifax.

A few years ago, he said, European firms generally were somewhat indifferent when Canadian trade commissions approached them with a view to increasing business. However, had the Dominion representatives labored they could not work up any enthusiasm. But the situation has changed very considerably since then, and with the aid of Canadian firms the amount of business which has been placed to increase business. However, had the Dominion representatives labored they could not work up any enthusiasm. But the situation has changed very considerably since then, and with the aid of Canadian firms the amount of business which has been placed to increase business.

At the present time Belgium shows a partiality for Canadian wheat, flour, rubber goods, automobiles, salmon, lobster, leather goods, zinc and lead ores, asbestos, wallpaper and other articles such as the better class of silk goods. As an instance of the interest which has been built up in Belgium, Mr. Guay said that he was approached recently by a firm in Europe which wished to obtain a small shipment of Canadian lobster. Correspondence with a Canadian firm did not produce the desired results, as the latter was not interested, but when a trade commissioner, during one of his visits to Canada, called on the firm they decided to send over a small shipment.

Before last March and September, a period of only six months, the Belgian firm bought \$21,000 worth of lobster from the Canadian firm, and now they have made an order which they will require an additional \$36,000 worth during the winter months. Mr. Guay gave still another instance of how Canadian products are favored in Belgium. On this visit he called on a manufacturer and persuaded him to send over a small shipment of his products because there is a demand for them in Belgium. Mr. Guay said he felt sure that this handling of the trade of the new year soon to experience as the other one, and that he will have no cause to regret his incursion into the Belgian markets.

Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and are child like object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition, and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

Arms Parley Faces Failure

No Discussion Was Started and Commission Adjourned

Failure faces the League of Nations plan effort to launch an international convention for control and publicity of private and governmental arms production.

Count Bernstorff, of Germany, appealed to the commission for general discussion, and not a single speaker rose to open the discussion. The commission was obliged to adjourn after naming a sub-commission.

The adjournment after discussion to ascertain any changes in opinion, since the last meeting. Virtually all nations had accepted the principle of control of government production, but the commission has not been able to agree on details of control of private production.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Burmer's Worm Expeller.

Burmer's worms are taking up law.

QUEEN OF THE CARNIVAL

London Preacher in One Parish Addresses Heavens in Another. The Moravian Chapel, Potter Lane, is the oldest place of Protestant worship in London, having been first used as such in the reign of Queen Mary, when the congregation met in a shanty structure—built over a disused saw-pit.

It possesses another unique distinction in that it is the only place of worship in the Metropolis, and probably in England, in which the preacher has to stand and deliver his sermons in one parish to his hearers seated in another, the boundary line between St. Bride's parish, and that of St. Dunstan's-the-West running directly in front of the pulpit.

The Moravians brought the chapel in 1728, and amongst famous Non-conformists who have preached there were Wesley, Whitefield, and Richard Baxter.

Fund For The Blind

Aberdeen Stockbroker Had Happy Thought To Save Money

A certain fancy goods dealer in Aberdeen on being told that his blind was a disgrace to a window, excused himself on the plea that a new one was so costly. "But," his friend replied, "you'll lose business if you keep a shabby blind like that." "I believe you're right," said the shopkeeper. "I must really see what I can do." Some weeks after his friend called again and was delighted to see a decided change for the better. "That's a lovely blind you've got," he remarked. "It must have cost a nice penny." "I did that," was the naive reply. "But my customer helped a good deal. You see I placed a collection box on the counter with a printed notice, 'For The Blind,' and I got all I wanted."

May Sell Indian Lands

More than 20,000 acres of Indian lands, which include some of the best agricultural areas in the Peace River District, are likely to be sold at auction in the near future. This action will in all probability follow a survey that is being made in the north by W. Morrison, inspector of Indian agencies for the three western provinces, with headquarters at Regina.

For Frost Bites and Chills. Chills come from undue exposure to wind and cold, and are often the forerunners of influenza. The remedy is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which counteracts the inflammation and relieves the pain. The action of the oil is prompt and its application is extremely simple.

No Speed Alert

The fastest race ever thought to be probably a pigeon that started off in a race from Worcester two years ago. It has just returned to its owner's care in Little Crayton, Shropshire, England.

Minard's Liment For Chapped Hands

The Equitable Building, New York, has 21,000,000 cubic feet of space.

Church Built On Boundary

London Preacher in One Parish Addresses Heavens in Another. The Moravian Chapel, Potter Lane, is the oldest place of Protestant worship in London, having been first used as such in the reign of Queen Mary, when the congregation met in a shanty structure—built over a disused saw-pit.

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NEARING A BREAKDOWN

A Condition That Calls For a Reliable Tonic

Many women give so much of their energies to their household duties that they neglect their own health and sometimes reach the verge of nervous exhaustion. Often the result is a breakdown of the system, the stomach fails to digest properly, the nerves become weak and headaches grow more frequent. The body grows weak and they are always depressed. This condition requires immediate treatment. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will build up the blood, carrying renewed energy to every part of the body. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is a random conclusion, proved by the following statement: "I have been a sufferer from nervous prostration, and I have been unable to get around to do my work, in fact I could scarcely walk. I was troubled with palpitation of the heart with the least exertion. One day a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as they had done so much good. I followed his advice and took the pills for some weeks, and I feel much better. I have since been able to attend to all my household duties. The dizziness and palpitation have left me and I feel the day I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are just the medicine for those who are weak and run down."

You can get these pills from any dealer or by mail at a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Operate Salt Well

The Alberta government will operate its salt well in the McMurray country next year. Salt was struck at a depth of 670 feet.

Visitor—Have you a mixed choir?

This church's "Churchwardens" in a sense, yes. They're all male, but some can sing and some can't."

Minard's Liment For Chapped Hands

The Equitable Building, New York, has 21,000,000 cubic feet of space.

Baby's Colds
Best treated without medicine—Just rub on
VICKS
VAPORUB
FOR COLDS OF ALL THE FAMILY

PATENTS
A List Of "Patent Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request
The RAMSAY Co. 272, Main St.
187, Waterbury, Ct.

They Liked Canada

Labor Leaders in Britain See Opportunities For Advancement Here
Replying to a question in the House of Commons, Right Hon. Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, minister of labor, stated the speakers at a recent meeting in the Scottish mining center of Hamilton, Lanarkshire, were two out of 10 miners who had been specially recommended by Labor leaders to others who came to Canada with the harvesters and see what the conditions actually were. Their expenses had been defrayed out of voluntary funds. The speakers of Hamilton had received travelling expenses, but no fees and were not employed by any government department, the minister added.

The speakers in question set forth the benefits and opportunities to be obtained in Canada, and a series of such meetings are being organized by the ministry of labor. It is understood they have already resulted in an influx of applications for government training in agriculture preparatory to emigration to Canada.

Aviator Killed In Canal

Instant death came to Philip H. Atkinson, cadet, of Asheville, N.C., at the time he was flying a plane when it was blown into a tail spin 200 feet above the earth and crashed into the porch of a barracks, wrecking the porch and completely demolishing the ship.

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

Mrs. Jane Brice—Oh, dear! Strikes me to be universal, don't they?

Her husband—Yes! Everything's striking except the clock your brother gave us for a wedding present, that never did work any to speak of.

Check Colds with Minard's Liment.

New Theatre Sued

Impromptu plays have been introduced in Berlin. The theatre has been requested to supply the title for an imaginary play, which is at once produced, the actors and actresses, providing the plot and dialogue as it proceeds.

All together, now, says the Sault Ste. Marie Star, three cheers for the pedestrian—hop, hop, hurry!

WINDOLITE

MADE IN ENGLAND

COMES WITH A MESSAGE OF HEALTH

THE sun is the all-powerful life producer. Nature's universal disinfectant and germ destroyer, as well as stimulant and tonic. WINDOLITE is the sun's most important ally.

Medical research has definitely proved that from the point of view of Health and Hygiene, the most effective against the sun's rays are the Ultra-Violet rays, which possess the greatest power for the prevention and cure of disease and debility.

Science has further established that ordinary window glass does not allow the passage of Ultra-Violet rays, but by using WINDOLITE we are artificially creating these vital health-giving rays. Therefore, the invention of WINDOLITE has completely established the long-waited-for. Exhaustive experiments have proved that WINDOLITE is a most effective substitute for glass, that it freely admits the Ultra-Violet rays, and that it has the most beneficial effect on the growth and development of plants and chickens and on the well-being of cattle, enabled for the first time to have healthy light instead of darkness in their dwellings.

Indeed, the discovery of WINDOLITE has during the last six years completely revolutionized gardening, given a new stimulus to poultry breeding, increasing the egg-laying capacity of flocks, and has greatly improved the health of cattle and is now being used in domestic and household requirements.

Price \$1.50 Per Square Yard, L.O.B., Toronto.

Use WINDOLITE and let your plants
YOUR CHICKENS
YOUR CATTLE
Bask in 100% Sunlight
Send for booklet "WINDOLITE"

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.

51 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.

Government May Decide On Jan. 31 For Opening Of House

Ottawa.—No announcement of the date on which parliament will re-assemble has yet been made, but the general impression in the capital is that either January 31 or February 7 will be selected by the government for the opening. The by-election in West Lonsdale, the seat rendered vacant by the death of W. T. Goodson, is scheduled for January 21, so that any day prior to that is unlikely.

No indication has been given of the government's program for the forthcoming session, but several items of importance that must necessarily be discussed suggest that the session will not be without interest.

The matter of the Beaulieu power canal is likely to loom large, and it is not impossible that the debate on this issue may serve to give a clue as to the government policy with respect to the St. Lawrence waterways. The Beaulieu scheme envisages a navigation and power canal in territory all of which lies within Quebec. Linked up with the scheme are various problems in which the federal government is vitally concerned.

It is not unlikely that immigration will again receive considerable attention at the next session of parliament. The Dominion elections act also may be discussed.

The return of the natural resources to the four western provinces will likely be given attention.

Would Sell Labrador

Newfoundland Suggests Price Of One Hundred Million

St. John's, Nfld.—In the opinion of Sir William Crook, head of the Fisheries Protective Board, a colleague of Premier Sir Richard Squires, Newfoundland would be well advised to sell Labrador to Canada, or to a syndicate, if \$100,000,000 could be obtained for the territory, according to an article over Sir William's name in the Fisherman's Advocate of last week.

The main object of such a sale, he writes, would be payment of the colony's national debt.

Naval Appointment

Ottawa.—Official announcement was made by Hon. J. L. Hall, minister of national defence, of the appointment of Lieut.-Commander G. B. F. Darnes, R.C.N., for duty in R.C.N. barracks, Esquimaut, B.C.

Western Styles Banned

Canton, China.—Imported western-styled clothing, which has been the collegiate rage throughout southern China, is to be abolished by the Canton government.

Heavy Program For C. N. R. Branch Line Construction In West

Toronto.—A special despatch from Ottawa to the Toronto Star says the new program of Ottawa's independent railway construction program has earned a three-year branch program aggregating more than \$20,000,000 will be brought down to Parliament next session.

The despatch says: "In addition, the Hudson Bay Railway will be carried to Fort Churchill, reaching there next summer and the Canadian National Railway will participate on a 50-50 basis with the Canadian Pacific in the purchase of the Alberta government railways which include the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway and the Central Canada Railway.

"The new C.N.R. program will be the third since the system became consolidated. In 1924, a three-year program was approved by parliament for the construction of 622 miles of branch line railway at a cost of \$14,615,015. In 1927, another three-year program was passed, providing for the construction of 510 miles at an estimated cost of \$20,000,000. Of this sum \$3,191,065 was spent in 1927. By the end of this year a further \$10,725,000 will be spent and the balance expended in 1929.

"The passage by parliament of these programs delayed action on them in the year they were passed, and a new departure will be made next

Time Limit For

Pension Appeals

Chief Adviser Of Department At Ottawa Explains Matter
Ottawa, Ont.—The time limit in which all appeals to the federal appeal board in pension cases must be entered does not expire at the end of the month, according to a statement made last night by K. G. MacDonald, chief adviser of the department of pensions and national health.

There has been, Mr. MacDonald says, some apprehension concerning the statutory time limit governing appeals. He points out that the pension act, as amended at the last session of parliament, sets the time limit for entering an appeal from a decision of the board of pension commissioners as on or before Dec. 31, 1929, or within two years from the date of the decision complained of.

This means that an appeal can be made at any time within two years of the decision, unless such decision was given on or before Dec. 31, 1929, in which case the final time limit is Dec. 31, 1929.

Daring Hold Up

Bank Delivery Car In Yonkers, New York, Robbed Of Huge Sum
Yonkers, N.Y.—Hiding up a bank delivery car in the heart of the city's business district six robbers escaped with \$104,500 in currency, representing part of two payroll disbursements.

A First National Bank messenger guarding the money inside the little truck was shot through both arms as two of the holdup men, who had drilled through the metal-encased rear door, snatched the money while their comrades kept at the vehicle's driver and a patrolman riding on the front seat.

It all happened in about three minutes. The truck, transporting the money to the bank from the post office where it had been received from the Federal Reserve Bank in New York, was near the intersection of Buena Vista Avenue and Hudson street on the latter thoroughfare.

Grippe Epidemic In Montreal

Montreal.—There is a real epidemic of grippe in the city, although not the same dread malady which ravaged Montreal ten years ago. At the Montreal general hospital 25 nurses have been taken down, while two men, two doctors, and eight maidens have been affected from the Royal Victoria staff. The Hospital Notre Dame reports 15 of its staff ill.

Close Of Navigation

Navigation On Great Lakes Ended On Night Of Dec. 12th.

Winnipeg.—Navigation on the Great Lakes is closed, following a season in which all former grain movement records were broken out of Fort William and Port Arthur. A total of 275,750,000 bushels of all grains was shipped out of the lake head this year as compared with 193,000,000 bushels last season.

While the official close of the shipping season was really November 30, fine weather and the continued flow of grain from the prairies kept grain boats plying back and forth until Dec. 12, which marked the last day on which insurance was obtainable for the trip.

Cargoes aggregating 2,780,000 bushels left the head of the lakes on the last grain freighters to attempt the downward trip. Grain movement on the prairies still continues heavy.

Predicts Air Mail

Great Progress Achieved In Aerial Transport Says Postmaster
Ottawa.—A coast-to-coast air mail service within a few years was envisioned by Hon. P. J. Veniot, postmaster-general, in discussing the progress already achieved in the field of aerial transport.

Contingent upon the willingness of parliament to vote the necessary funds, he intimated that there was a possibility of inaugurating an experimental air mail service next summer between Rimouski, Que., and Vancouver, B.C.

Coast-To-Coast

MAY VISIT AMERICA



Queen Victoria of Spain, whose most recent photograph is reproduced above, is expected to be the next royal personage to arrive from Europe for a visit in America.

Fought Police Five Hours

Sixteen-Year-Old Chicago Negro Was Evading Arrest

Chicago, Ill.—Two blocks from Oak and Milton streets, famous "dough corner" of little Italy's gang and mafia slayings, a 16-year-old negro resisted for five hours the machine guns and tear bombs of 100 police who besieged his brick barricade.

Ernest Wright, the negro youth, was being sought for questioning in the breaking of a store window near his home. He evaded two detectives on called at his home at 2:30 a.m., opened fire on them from behind a door and began a battle which called for every available riot squad on the north side.

After five hours firing deputy police commissioner John Stenge, who called off the police force, and Sergeant Thomas Connelley gained entrance to the youth's barricaded room and rendered Whitaker unconscious with two shots through the head.

Alberta Will Aid Immigrants

Promises Month's Free Training and Selected Positions For Applicants
London, Eng.—An important agreement promising to stimulate the flow of immigrants to Canada from Britain has been concluded between the province of Alberta and the overseas settlement department of the British government.

Under the agreement the province will give one month's free training in agricultural schools in Alberta, to men 17 and 25 years, and a month's free domestic training to women from Britain between 23 and 23 years of age. Subsequently the province will place the students on selected farms and in selected domestic positions respectively.

The applicants will travel in two parties in the spring.

New Dodge Of Rum Runners

Use Power Line Across Niagara To Transport Liquor To U.S.
Niagara Falls, Ont.—Using a specially constructed set of pulleys run trestled between the power house and the United States, a provincial police constable has discovered.

The constable came upon a sedan near the power house at Queenston. The car was stocked with assorted liquor and the apparatus for making use of the power line was found nearby.

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Fail To Reach A Definite Settlement On Resources Question

Mock Found Guilty

Yorkton Man Adjudged Guilty Of Murder By Spokane Jury

Spokane, Wash.—Guilty of murder in the first degree with punishment by death was the verdict of the Mock jury after deliberating two hours and a half.

Mock whitened as the verdict was read, dropped his head and tears came to his eyes for the first time during the long trial.

Mrs. Mock, who had sat with set face as the jury filed in, began to cry when the jury announced their verdict and when it was read she gave way completely and was to be assisted from the court room by Attorney Patrick.

Mock was taken immediately to his cell in the jail where, asked if he had any statement to make first asked, "Why?" and when told it would go to his people at Yorkton, Saskatchewan, replied, "Not now."

The verdict was a stunning surprise to close followers of the case, who had not expected anything worse than life imprisonment.

J. A. M. Patrick, K.C., of Yorkton, advisory counsel, was saddened by the verdict, but said the defence had just begun to fight and that an argument for a new trial would be made at once. He firmly believed it would be successful or that a reversal of the verdict would be secured in the supreme court of the state.

Riches In Northland

Coal And Oil Discoveries Reported In Vicinity Of Hudson Bay Junction

Hudson Bay Junction, Sask.—Mining talk is commanding a lot of attention in the Junction these nights, and it is all about The Pas country. Echo is reported to have been found about 16 miles southeast of the village, and some weeks ago there was a survey of the oil shales in the Porcupine Hills.

The oil and is declared to be better than that which Horse Halcom and other prospectors from The Pas made in the Porcupine Hills about six years ago. The field is reached by a fair trail, about 16 miles of it being open to auto traffic and the rest a wagon road. The oil shale area is the heart of the bush country.

Nothing is known locally about the kind of coal or the quantity available.

Queen Mary Welcomes Memorial Tablet

Made Brief Address Which Was Broadcast By Radio
London, Eng.—Queen Mary president of the unveiling of a memorial tablet on Tower Hill. It is to the memory of the men of the Mercantile Marine who lost their lives during the war. The Queen left Buckingham Palace at 2:30 o'clock and was cheered along the route by enthusiastic crowds.

The unveiling ceremonies were broadcast through the nation by radio. The Queen made a brief address in behalf of the King, this being the first time her voice was ever heard upon the radio.

Canada An Inspiration

Ottawa, Ont.—By leading the way in world disarmament, Canada has become an inspiration to other nations in furthering the sentiment of peace, declared Hon. J. L. Hall, minister of national defence in addressing the University Club here.

Think Wheat Pool Should Have The Right To Do Own Wheat Grading

Melfort, Sask.—A declaration that the Dominion government should stand out of the way, clear the tracks and give the right to do its own grain grading, thereby establishing grades for pool wheat and grades for non-pool wheat has been made by the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section.

This second "seize of Ottawa" has come in the way of a resolution to the members of the Saskatchewan farm inquiry commission presented at their session here, and was the result of a meeting of certain local sections of the organization in the Carrot River Valley District.

The movement was made that Dr. P. J. Birchard, chemist in charge of the grain research laboratory of the Board of Grain Commissioners of Canada, would be a witness before the commission at some future date. It is expected that he will be called,

Ottawa.—Negotiations looking toward the return of the natural resources of Alberta and British Columbia have loomed large in the capital during the past week, with the premiers of these provinces, Hon. J. E. Brownlie and Hon. S. P. Toimie, holding conferences with the federal prime minister and members of his cabinet.

The conferences with Premier Brownlie have been concluded. With regard to his character or to any decisions that might have been reached the Alberta premier was reticent. It is understood, however, that settlement was not reached on all points and that the decision was arrived at to continue by an interchange of correspondence efforts to reach a definite understanding.

Premier Brownlie said he did not know the origin of the report that an agreement had been reached to drop the Alberta natural resources question which had been before the supreme court.

The verdict was a stunning surprise to close followers of the case, who had not expected anything worse than life imprisonment.

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Radio Dispatching Takes Hazard Out Of Aerial Ventures In Northern Reaches Of Canada

The epoch-making flight of the planes of Dominion Explorers Limited, from the vicinity of Chesterfield Inlet, on Hudson Bay, out to civilization directly attests to the rapid development of northern transportation in Canada, says the Department of the Interior, through its Natural Resources Intelligence Service. The flight was made under winter weather conditions and the planes were equipped with skis.

The story of the successful trip out from the winter headquarters of the prospecting expedition at Mistikine Bay, on the west shore of Hudson Bay, is not remarkable solely because of the use of skis as the winter flying conditions, for such flying was accomplished in 1921, when the Imperial Oil Company's planes flew into Fort Simpson on the Mackenzie River, in almost the same latitude. There are much more important aspects to the accomplishment of Northern Explorers.

The Imperial Oil Company's venture was also operated in winter and, too, was accomplished in winter and with advance preparations. The two planes flew across unmappped and practically unexplored country from the town of Peace River and made the first landing in the Northwest Territories at the trading post at Simpson. Mineral water was found here then as in 1928, and communication was established with the north some three months before the opening of river navigation. In that respect the flight was successful, but there were weeks of anxiety following before one of the two planes returned safely and landed on Bear Lake near Peace River. Both planes met with minor mishaps, one crashing at Simpson, and Indian craftsmanship and native glue were requisitioned in successfully repairing the propeller of the plane which flew back to civilization.

That was in 1921, and except for one winter mail taken in by dog-team, communication with the northern outposts in those days was cut off from early October until late in June, until after the ice had melted in Great Slave Lake. In the year 1922, the first wireless receiving apparatus was taken into the Northwest Territories and the government astronomers were receiving time signals for determining the latitude and longitude position of Fort Providence, the dots being spelled out the result of the Dempsey-Carpenter flight, but bats were not settled for six weeks, until the mail came in. The wireless was not trusted in those days.

Three years later, in 1924, the first steps were taken toward the establishment of government wireless stations and the chain of communication, now includes Edmonton, Fort Smith, Resolution, Simpson, Alkali, and Herschel Island. On the east side of the northern plains there is the government station at Churchill, on Hudson Bay, and on the west side are the stations maintained by the Royal Canadian Air Force for its forest patrol services.

In addition there are now private stations established by the mining and prospecting companies who have invaded the frontiers of the north. They are fastnesses no longer and therein lies the real reason in the Northern Explorers' exploit. The north is being opened up and the plane, where the plane alone would fail the radio comes to its assistance and the twain are steadily pushing back the frontiers. More has been accomplished in 1928 in laying bare the secrets of the north and unearthing its mineral wealth than could have been accomplished in ten years previously.

The Dominion Explorers' winter headquarters on Mistikine Bay, 220 miles north of Port Churchill, is being kept in communication with the company headquarters at Toronto, 1400 miles to the south. Some of the radiograms exchanged have been:

"You are drinking one pint of beer after another."
"Well, I can't drink two at once."
Megendorfer Blanche, Munich.
W. N. U. 1761

made public and make extremely interesting reading. They indicate the immense value of radio in controlling flying operations and especially at that dangerous time of the year when the lakes are freezing under and landing conditions are uncertain.

On October 12, Mr. Blanchet, the officer in charge of the northern exploration, radioed to Toronto that two planes were leaving the following day for the outside world. These planes were then equipped with pontoons and Toronto headquarters promptly advised Mr. Blanchet that the Sheritt-Gordon station reported the lakes in northern Manitoba already commencing to freeze and that to come out on pontoons would be dangerous. The ease and speed of communication between Toronto and Mistikine Bay is shown by a correspondence totaling five radiograms in 24 hours, the last one from Mr. Blanchet advising that the planes were come out on skis.

Then during the interval of over a month during freeze-up and during which time Toronto headquarters kept in touch with northern Manitoba by radio, the planes were dispatched. Full instructions were given, and the planes were patched for the planes to try to make Air Force base at Deer Lake, or if this was not possible to return to Rosbelle Lake near Churchill, said after enquiries at Deer Lake as to landing conditions at Cormorant Lake to proceed to this latter point and await instructions. These instructions were as clear and concise as any railroad dispatcher ever issued.

There followed a whole series of radiograms with Mistikine Bay, Churchill, Ottawa, and Deer Lake reporting the take-off on November 24, the safe arrival at Deer Lake and continuation of the journey the following day to Thicket Portage at Mile 150 on the Hudson Bay railroad. Then Western Canada Airways, at Winnipeg, steps into the picture with a wire from Winnipeg to Churchill that landing conditions at Winnipeg were suitable for wheels and unsafe for skis and Toronto headquarters promptly dispatched instructions to the pilots to await orders at Cormorant Lake. The radiograms throughout show a wonderful co-ordination between the radio dispatching and the flying operations.

Frontier Rolling Back

Agricultural Regions Of Prairie Provinces Extending Northwestward
In consequence of the figures on the filing of Dominion lands, the Department of the Interior, through its Natural Resources Intelligence Service, makes the taking of the free homesteads clearly indicate the northern trend of development in agriculture in Western Canada. Summing up the monthly figures by land agencies, these show that the frontier is being just as steadily pushed back into the agricultural regions of the Prairie Provinces by the homesteaders as it is in other sections of Canada by the mining and pulp and paper developments, etc.

Produce Light By Sound Waves

Siren On Airplane Wing When Sounded Lights Up Landing Field
The scream of a siren on the wing of an airplane waited sound waves down through the air which threw the siren on a plane located to inaugurate the new "great white way" at St. Louis.
The sound waves from the plane were amplified by a "key electric ear," recently perfected by the Westinghouse Company. The new contrivance, in operation in the lighting of air fields by the plane as it approaches the landing field.

Public Grazing Lands
In 1927 some 9,777 grazing leases were issued by the Dominion Government covering an area of approximately 6,607,182 acres of public land on which over half a million head of cattle, sheep and horses were pastured. These grazing areas are all in the Prairie Provinces and in the Peace River tract, and Railway Belt in British Columbia.

Lawyer—"Don't you think that \$30,000 cash would be punishment enough for his breach of promise?"
The Aggrieved—"No, indeed; I want to marry him."

Sunlight and Dairy Products

Milk, Cream and Butter Should Be Exposed To Direct Sunlight
Dr. E. G. Hood, chief of the division of dairy research of the federal department of agriculture, states that it is a well established scientific fact that direct sunlight has a detrimental effect on the flavor of practically all dairy products and especially on milk, cream and butter.

This statement was given by Dr. Hood when questioned regarding the practice of housewives using window-sills as refrigerators during the autumn season when they have stopped taking ice. From the standpoint of keeping the products cool the window-sill answers the purpose, but the window is located where direct sunlight can reach it, dairy products should never be kept there.

Milk, cream and butter when exposed to direct sunlight quickly develop abnormal flavors which are generally of a metallic or tallowy nature. The tallowy flavor is caused by the action of sunlight on butterfat and has been known to develop to very noticeable degrees after an exposure of an hour or so. In the case of butter, the fat turns to a very light or white color and the same change takes place in the fat in milk or cream, whether it is homogenized or not.

Dr. Hood states that if consumers find that milk or cream has become tallowy in flavor after keeping it for twenty-four hours, they should not blame the dairy by whom they are supplied, if these dairy products have been kept in a window exposed to the sun. This flavor can be prevented if milk and cream is protected from direct sunlight by wrapping the bottles in a piece of heavy brown paper or by placing them in a wooden box. The tallowy flavor is not necessary to keep them outside. But a cool, shaded corner in the cold storage of the retailer is always a safe place to keep dairy products during the time of the year when outside temperatures are generally lower than those obtained in the average household refrigerator.

Keeping Up With The Times

Man Seventy-Eight Taking Course In Motor Mechanics
A giddy youth of 78 years is taking a night-school course in motor mechanics in Kingston, Ontario. He is Joseph L. Haycock, who was leader of the Ontario Patrons of Industry in Ontario more than thirty years ago. This sprightly young gentleman might belong to a bridge club and dancing set, or he might spend his evenings listening to the radio. He prefers knowledge, and is proceeding to get it thereby setting an example which possibly might be emulated by many persons fifty or sixty years younger than himself. We are reminded of a lady of 81 years who last year took a course in Spanish at a summer school in this province.

Honey production in British Columbia in 1928 is valued at \$216,855 and beeswax at \$5,000. This yield is from 12,213 hives.

Administration Of School Lands

Problems With Which Department Of Interior Has To Contend
During his recent western trip, the minister of the interior has conferred with the governments of the three prairie provinces relative to the administration of school lands which the department handles as a sort of trustee for the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta. The revenue derived being set aside for educational purposes.

One of the vexatious problems with the administration of school lands has had to do with content has arisen from the failure or inability of some purchasers to fulfill their contracts. In some of these cases a portion of the land is broken and sown and when the purchaser relinquishes his purchase, or the department cancels the sale for default, this area becomes a potential weed menace, unless it is kept under cultivation. The department has met this situation harmoniously by issuing yearly cultivation permits at fifty cents an acre. Inasmuch as it is the duty of the Dominion government to collect for school lands endowment the maximum amount that can be obtained for the purpose for which the lands were set aside, it has been decided that in areas where sales are cancelled the lands will be valued immediately and sold for sale. On the subject mentioned in the advertisement, the agent of Dominion lands for the district will proceed to the nearest town and hold the sale.

Efficiency Of T.B. Test

Disease Among Canadian Cattle Rapidly Being Eradicated
Through the operation of the restricted area, plan, tuberculosis is rapidly being eradicated. Dr. George Hiltner, Veterinary Director-General of the Department of Agriculture, declares that where, in some areas as high as 75 per cent of the cattle had been found infected on the first tests, re-test had shown a general falling off to approximately one-half of one per cent.

"There is a persistent and increasing demand upon the department for restricted areas," Dr. Hiltner said. "Farmers have found that by replacing infected animals with high class stock the higher financial returns with less work."
There are at present eight restricted areas in Canada, as follows:—Manitoba, the Carleton district; in Quebec, twelve counties at the western end of the province; in Prince Edward Island, all the province; in British Columbia, the Fraser Valley district; in Saskatchewan, the Last Mountain district; all of Nova Scotia except Cape Breton Island; in New Brunswick, part of Charlotte County; and in Ontario the County of Prince Edward.

"Next to a beautiful girl, what do you think is the most interesting thing in the world?"
"When I'm next to a beautiful girl I'm not worrying about statistics."

A new glass has been invented that withstands pressure, heat and acid better than any known.

Makes Interesting Forecast Of Improved Farming Conditions In The Next Twenty Years

Adopting the method of Bellamy in his famous work, "Looking Backward," Professor H. H. Dean, of the Ontario Agricultural College, Department, presented an interesting forecast of farming conditions in Canada, in 1950, in his address to the National Dairy Council and the Canadian Creamery Association. It is a veritable farmer's Utopia that Professor Dean expects to see established by the time the second half of the twentieth-century is entered upon. While the wide in the speaker's mind was no doubt rather to the predictions made, the entire address is a thorough, semi-humorous analysis of many of the present tendencies in agriculture, tendencies that must inevitably bring about tremendous changes in the great industry of the country.

The O.A.C. professor sees the status of the farmer completely changed twenty-five years hence. "One thing which has been brought about," he says, "more than anything else, is the new policy adopted ten years ago whereby farmers who come up to certain specifications and requirements in their farm operations are guaranteed an annual minimum income of \$5,000 a year, part of which is obtained as revenue from the sale of farm products, and part on such the same basis as salaries paid for services in other lines of civil and commercial departments of national service." This is a condition that will without doubt have the hearty endorsement of every farmer. To bring it about, however, presupposes an entire revolution, not only in agriculture, but in the industrial and commercial life of the nation.

Of more likelihood of realization is Professor Dean's statement of future dairy farming conditions. In 1950, he finds that "all dairy cattle on the farms of Canada are in good health, their stables are clean well ventilated, and all the animals are pure-bred. Animals and stables are cleaned daily with electric cleaners, their teeth are brushed with electric toothbrushes, and a standard of production is posted in every stable which reads: 'Every cow that enters here must give 20,000 pounds of milk each year.' A consummation of this kind is something that the general public hopes will speedily be brought to pass.

In 1950 Professor Dean also finds one of the most vexing problems of rural life solved, namely, that of keeping young people on the farms. He says:
"Our farmers in Canada are at present a well-paid, happy, and contented people, largely brought about through increased income, which has enabled the farmer to enjoy the light and power in the home and at the barn; the heavy farm work is all done by means of electricity; the farmer has the farmer to enjoy the best programs of music, plays and addresses at his own residence. As I speak to you my words are conveyed to every farm home in Canada. No longer do the young people long for the pleasures found on the sidewalks of the city and under the glare of the electric light; these have all been experienced at home on the farm. Therefore the lure and the glamour of the city are no longer felt by farm boys and girls.

Whether the next quarter of a century will witness all the changes that Professor Dean forecasts brought to pass remains to be seen. The realization of some of them is contingent upon factors not directly under the control of agriculture. But with the revolution that is going on in industry, with the multiplication of labor-saving devices and the strides that are being made in advanced social legislation, it would be foolish to say that such an idealistic condition of affairs as this speaker predicts for agriculture in 1950 could not be—Toronto Globe.



Paris Model
A charming little Parisian model smartly attired across front, fastened of English print with crisp white organdie collar and cuffs. Made of pale pink organdie with white round collar and cuffs of white organdie. Fresh colored washable crepe de chine, white dimity with bright red dots, dark blue cotton Tulle trim with white polka-dots with collar and cuffs of white linen. Dress made of white organdie and ever so serviceable. Design No. 503 comes in sizes 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. The 4-year size requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material with 3/4 yard of 36-inch contrasting fabric for full cut bloomers gathered to kneebands included. Price 25 cents in stamps or cash. Preferred? Wrap cum caruly.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 812

Name

Town

Address

Albertha Pathology Plant

A pathology plant, costing \$50,000, has been established in connection with the University of Alberta for the study of field crop diseases in this province.

Snake bites caused 18,000 deaths in British India last year.

gained sports program and a general atmosphere of spontaneity, gaiety and fun. W. A. Brewster is chairman of the Carnival, George Hiltner is secretary, and the Queen of the Banff Winter Carnival, February 2-8 is Kay Harrison, of the Carleton Place. There will be a very merry court and it will embrace all those whose pleasure takes them to Banff during the period of her sovereignty.

Ski Championships for Banff



Top left, Kay Harrison, Queen of the Carnival. The lower part shows Banff Hotel in all its abbeys.

Announcement that the Western Ski Championships of Canada would be held at Banff during the Carnival Week, February 2-8, is greeted with enthusiasm in practically every corner of the continent. Skiing has always been a feature of the Carnival, and this year's world's champions will gather there and present an exhibition which in itself would be worth travelling a thousand miles to see.

The Banff Ski hill is undergoing improvements at the present time to allow for longer and more spectacular jumps and a cabin is being erected.

On the top of Stony Squaw Mountain by the Banff Ski Club, which is also preparing several runs suitable for beginners as for experts. Last year the world's champion skier ran was to Lake Louise, part of which was accomplished as automobile tow.

But the skiing is only one side of the Carnival. There are the dogs and the derby, the ice and the skating, the toboggan and sleighs, the dances and fancy dress balls, curling and hockey, a property or

Buttermaking On The Farm

General Quality Of The Product Could
Be Raised By Exercising Better
Care

There are still a great many farmers who are not within reach of well managed creamery, and as a result they make their own butter. This results in a variable product that tends to lower the quality of the whole output. The main defects in dairy butter as compared with creamery butter are bad flavor, staleness, too many shades of color, and unsuitable packages.

To get the best results in farm dairy work it is necessary in the first place to have good cows, liberally and properly fed, and their quarters clean and comfortable. The cream skimmed should be about 30 per cent fat and kept cool. The churning temperature should be such that the churning will be completed in from twenty-five to thirty minutes. Clean pure water is necessary for the washing of the butter, the temperature of the water being not more than three degrees colder or warmer than the buttermilk. Full information on the speed of the churn, washing and salting the butter, and other essential points are covered in Bulletin No. 57, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

Quite often a package sells an article, and butter is no exception. A neat, clean, attractive package will attract the consumer, and result in sales. A clean and attractive package is an essential. Excellent butter is made on many farms but the general quality of this butter could be raised by the exercise of more care. This would result in a greater consumption and greater returns for the farmer on all butter marketed.

Water and the Farm Well

The Shallow Well Is the Source Of
The Greatest Danger

Residents in rural districts as a rule have reason to congratulate themselves that they have their own wells. Without any particular proof they think the water from these wells is pure. In the majority of cases it is, but it is better to be sure than sorry. If the water has never been tested it ought to be, and the Dominion Department of Agriculture, through its Division of Chemistry, offers a service which is free. Instructions on collecting and shipping samples will be supplied on application to the Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

The waters of Canada's lakes, streams, and springs are of the purest. The danger lies in local sources of contamination. The farmer who locates his well beyond the possibility of local contamination and puts down a deep drilled or bored well, largely solves his own problem. The source of the great increase in the shallow well, from five to thirty feet deep, which merely collects ground water, the seepage from the surrounding soil.

Had Sense Of Humor

Nansen Tells Of Good Fun Made By
Ekimko

The Arctic explorer, Fridtjof Nansen, says that among all his experiences it remained for an Ekimko to give him the biggest surprise of his life. The man actually made a pun, and not a bad pun, either.

Nansen had come upon one of the little conical ice huts, called igloos, in which these people live, and addressing the occupant in the Ekimko dialect, he said:

"I suppose you will stick pretty close to home this winter."

"Yes," said the Ekimko in good English, "without a suspicion of a smile: 'Igloo myself here until spring comes.'"

"Strange things are happening this year. Recently we saw a white bear. Eggs' rally after break."

A man who is clever enough to be lost at home is also wise enough not to brag about it.



"This car has eight cylinders, four-wheel brakes, water-cooled engine. That does not interest me. My wife would want a penny gray car with a nice vase of flowers and filled with wireless."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. II. 1764

Lindberg Has New Plane

Fully Equipped Office As Well As
Living Quarters

A flying office to be used for the transmission of business while en route from city to city has been built at the Ford metal airplane division of the Ford Motor Company for the use of Charles G. Lindbergh and Major Thomas G. Lamphere. The office, a tri-motored all-metal monoplane, first will be used in the preliminary ground layout work incidental to the establishment of airports along the route of the Transcontinental Air Transport, Inc. That enterprise, co-operating with the Pennsylvania and Santa Fe Railroad systems, and others, has under way a combination airplane and train service between New York City and Los Angeles.

The office plane has sleeping facilities, stenographic quarters and other special features. In the section to be devoted to the office a metal desk has been installed, mounted on one side and the usual desk drawers on the other. A stenographer's table with typewriter and minor office appliances is also included.

The furniture includes six deep upholstered chairs, three of which have adjustable backs, so that they may be used as arm chairs if desired. The built-in berths are for naps during flights. One is built above the other, just off the plane. A refrigerator, built-in, will keep food fresh while en route.

The cabin is luxuriously trimmed. The interior paneling consists of layers of aluminum sheets with balsam-wood between. The panels are one-quarter inch thick and weigh only six or eight ounces to the square foot.

As equipped the plane includes hydro-aerodynamically braked landing gear, cabin is heated by the exhaust, fresh air being taken into a special line through the exhaust stacks and into the cabin. The wing open is seven feet-eight feet from tip to tip and the length of the plane is fifty feet.

World's Largest Subway

New Pile-driver Crew In London Is
Largest Underground Station

The new pile-driver crew, described as the largest subway station in the world, was officially opened recently by the mayor of Westminster.

A large gathering observed the structure and pronounced it a marvel of engineering and architectural skill.

Seven entrances lead from the streets to the new station which is capable of 50,000,000 passengers annually. This is double the capacity of the old station. The "booming hall" is circular. It has a floor space of 16,000 square feet and is a third of a mile in circumference. It is surrounded by shops with attractive show windows.

This "booming hall" is only 15 feet below the surface. It is connected by eleven moving stairways with a sub underground railway system built on three levels and centralizing all subways of the city.

Inspection Of Meat

Campaign To Safeguard Meat Supply
Of Dominion Is Being Waged

An unrelenting campaign to safeguard meat supply of the Dominion, is being waged by the federal department of agriculture, according to figures released by the inspection division at Ottawa.

Inspection was conducted in 56 packing establishments during the last fiscal year, involving examination of 1,100,000 cattle, 610,000 sheep, 2,600,000 swine and 208,000 poultry. Of the cattle inspected 1.59 per cent were condemned, while the percentage for swine and sheep was 0.27 and 0.28, respectively.

"The importance of meat inspection is apparent," the report states, "when the volume of the per capita consumption of meat is realized. Beef amounts to 68.76 pounds, pork, 1.31 pounds, mutton and lamb, 6.11 pounds and poultry, 9.69 pounds."

Girls Excel In Swimming

Girls are more apt in learning to swim than boys, according to a report of the Education Committee of the London County Council. During last year 156,848 school children had lessons, and 40,272 had learned to swim by the end of the year.

A Handy Watch

The slightest movement will serve to wind up a particularly sensitive watch invented by a Lancashire watchmaker. If it is worn continuously, a "free wheel" prevents it getting overwound.

The worst betting a bully ever gets is from some man who doesn't want to fight.

Elk Island Park Buffalo

Here Has Been Reduced By 200 Head
On Account Of Lack Of Space

A gratifying feature of Canada's adventure in bringing back the buffalo is the way in which the different herds continue to multiply and to expand beyond the capacity of their own single grazing ranges. The case of the main herd at Watnigwight, Alberta, in which there was an increase from about 700 head to 17,000 head in eighteen years has often been cited. This year 1908 young buffalo were sent from Watnigwight to the Wood Buffalo park near Fort Smith, Northwest Territories, and of the herd at Elk Island Park, two hundred animals have been slaughtered and their carcasses and hides disposed of commercially. That two hundred buffalo could be disposed of without wiping out the entire herd at Elk Island park will surprise most people who have not closely followed this experiment. Nor is this surprise to be wondered at. When the original herd was purchased from Michael Pabst special action had to be taken to receive them. Seventy miles of stout wire fencing, such as encloses the Buffalo park at Watnigwight, could not be erected overnight and the first shipment received from Montana was the Buffalo park at Watnigwight, and wild animal enclosure, fifty-one square miles in area, about 37 miles northeast of Edmonton. As soon as the fencing at Watnigwight was completed the shipment was moved to the Buffalo park, but about fifty head could not be rounded up and were left at Elk Island to roan with the deer, wapiti, and other animals there. These few animals thrived like those at Watnigwight, and this summer a survey showed that the fifty buffalo had increased to about eight hundred. This number, considering the other animals in the park, was felt to be beyond the grazing capacity of the area and the disposal of two hundred was deemed advisable.

Unexpectedly keen interest has been shown by citizens in the fact that nutritious buffalo meat is limited quantities and a few choice robes and skins are from time to time available but attention is chiefly centered in the success achieved in bringing back the buffalo in the prairie regions and in the establishment of a great herd in the far north where the one-time lost plains will play a large part in the development of Northern Canada.

Farm Tractors

What is reported as the largest shipment of farm tractors made into one point arrived recently at Calgary, Alberta. It was a trainload of 32 cars on which there were 128 tractors, for distribution to various points in Alberta.

"Willie, you've been fighting again, and didn't you learn last Sunday that when you're struck on one cheek you should turn the other toward the striker?"

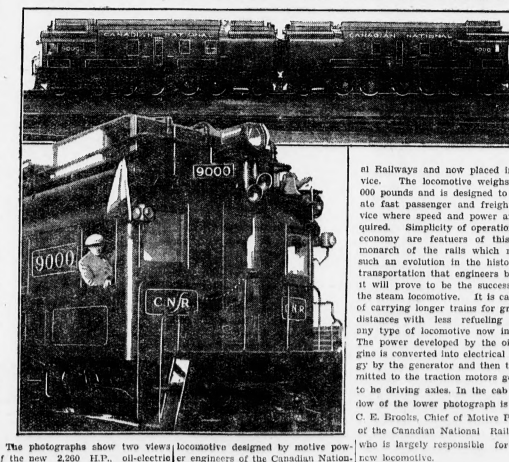
"Yes'm, but he hit me on the nose and I've only got one."

Mistress: "And what is your name?"

New Maid: "Minnie, mum."

Mistress: "Oh, well, I will expect a maximum of work done."

MOST POWERFUL LOCOMOTIVE IN WORLD



The photographs show two views locomotive designed by motive power of the new 2,200 H.P. electric locomotive engineers of the Canadian National

Barnyard Manure

Increases Yields and Lowers Cost Of
Production

Applying all the manure made on the farm at the right time and in the right place lessens man labor, increases yields per acre, and lowers cost of production per ton or bushel. Manure should be hauled to the field day by day from fall to spring, and if the snow is not too deep distributed broadcast, if the snow is too deep it is mixed with straw or other material.

Handling in this manner is an economy in manure, labour, and time. Manure piled in the barnyard results in a loss of plant food and humus forming material, which will go into the soil if the manure is handled as suggested.

The chief losses in piled manure around the buildings are soluble nitrogen and potash compounds. Organic matter with its nitrogen is either destroyed through fermentation, or heating as the action is usually called.

It has been found that manure in large heaps or piles, in the course of the three coldest months, January, February and March, lost, chiefly through excessive heating 60 per cent of its organic matter and nearly 30 per cent of its nitrogen. It has been proved by much experimental work carried on by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, that manure there is special reason for using rotted manure the sooner one gets stable manure while still fresh into or onto the soil the better. Bulletin No. 92, available at the Publications Branch of the Department, which covers the whole subject of manures and fertilizers, states that fresh manure is better suited for heavy soils while rotted manure is best for sandy loams.

North Loves Its Pemican

Buffalo Meat Makes Hearty Meal For Out-Of-Door Men

The North may be changing and retreating and what not, but it still loves its pemican. Two hundred buffalo are to be slaughtered at the Elk Island park soon, and the carcasses will be made into pemican and triple-smoked meat for use of the hardy rangers of the barren lands. Trial shipments of this old western delicacy added a tasty dish to northern dinner tables last year, and this year the shipments will be bigger. Good pemican lasts forever without loss of flavor, and is most nutritious what it provides a hearty meal for out-of-door men.

Heavier Grain Shipments

The flow of grain through Canadian terminals has greatly exceeded last year's records. Shipments from the head of the lakes from the opening of the present crop year up to nearly the middle of October exceeded last year's figures by more than two-thirds, while shipments from the Pacific Coast ports have been nearly eight times as great.

Doctor: "I hope your master's temperature is much lower today than it was last night. Butler—I'm not sure about that, for he died this morning."

A ball in the pot is worth two on the neck.

Using Scales On Cows

Cow-Testing Is the Logical System
For the Dairyman

Cow testing is a simple plan of finding out just what return each cow makes for the feed and labor expended on her. It is a commonsense, logical system, for every dairyman needs to know definitely, judging by actual weights, not by ordinary external appearances, which are his best cows, and also what profit each one gives him. The principle at the base of building up a good dairy herd must always be, make each cow in the herd pay a good profit.

The monthly yield of any cow can easily be calculated by weighing and recording the milk on at least three days per month, at intervals of ten days, as the 1st, 11th, and 21st, both morning and evening. Samples should be taken of each of the six milkings on each of the three days, and, using suitable preservative for testing one month to learn the percentage of fat in the milk. Each cow should be numbered and the milk weighed in a bottle. The total of the weights on the three days when multiplied by the given percentage of fat, will give the yield of fat for the month. The yield of fat can be found by multiplying the total by one hundred. Thus, if the six weights on a cow were 36 and 16 and 14, 25 and 13, 14 and 14, the total 86, multiplied by ten, gives 860, which is the calculated yield of milk for the month. If 860 is multiplied by .09 (supposing that to be the test of the composite six samples) the result is 77.4, which is the yield of fat, and would be the calculated pounds of fat for the month.

According to Circular No. 26, "Cow Testing," of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, it is better for many reasons to weigh the milk daily, morning and evening.

Profit in dairying depends upon each cow in the herd. It is not fair to charge the loss from one or two poor cows against the profit from five or six good cows.

Poultry Breeding

Definite Plan Must Be Followed To
Ensure Success

The live stock breeder knows that he will not get very far in his business unless he breeds well bred stock, and further in breeding such stock he must know exactly what he is doing. If he wishes to correct some defect in individuals he selects airs that are liable to give him progeny that do not have the particular defects he is trying to avoid. The whole matter of breeding is on a very definite plan, and there is now no groping in the dark. Farmers no longer believe that the colour of their barns influences the colour of their calves.

The poultryman has of late years been gradually applying the rules of breeding to his stock. This refers to the breeder whose chief concern is eggs. The fancier has of course always been a scientific breeder. The records of the Registration and Record Performance for Poultry has put the industry on a very definite pedigree breeding footing. Matings cannot be made to reproduce with any degree of certainty the desirable characteristics required unless there is available very accurate information regarding the performance of the parents and their ancestors. Complete history is necessary to intelligent mating.

The poultryman who is anxious to commence pedigree breeding will get many helpful suggestions from Bulletin No. 103, of the Dominion Department of Agriculture new series, entitled "Poultry Breeding Records," prepared by Mr. George Robertson, and now available for distribution.

Larder Well Stocked

Packed with nuts to a height of one foot, a space which is only eight inches in width by ten feet in length was found between the walls of a ship being demolished at Hamilton, New Zealand. Rats had made the larder when a company of grocers occupied the premises.



"What do you think of your job?" "Fine! First of all I have to lie down, and then I have to get up and swell the suit."—Saratoga-Six, St. Louis.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Queen Mary, 73, physician to King John Phillips, 73, physician to Queen Mary, died recently in London.

Alto Mary Longfellow, daughter of the poet, Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, is dead at her home in Cambridge, Mass. She was 78 years old.

The Carnegie Foundation has offered to provide between \$25,000 and \$30,000 yearly for ten years to stimulate research in Australia.

Through the government's campaign for eradication of bovine tuberculosis, infection among cattle in the Dominion has been reduced five per cent.

The promotion of sheep clubs throughout the province of British Columbia was discussed at the annual conference in Victoria, of the advisory board of farmers' interests.

The appointment of Hon. Frank Oliver, former member of the Board of Railway Commissioners, as an advisory officer to the board in respect to grade crossings is announced.

A preliminary survey of Canadian broadcasting conditions is to be undertaken immediately, Sir John Aldrich, chairman of the radio commission, stated following the commission's inaugural session.

French circles assert that Foreign Minister Briand, of France, and Dr. Gustave Stresemann, German foreign minister, had reached a tentative agreement on the convocation of a preparatory disarmament commission in February.

Alberta officials are pleased by the decision of the Dominion board of railway commissioners at Ottawa extending the time for the low rate on Alberta coal to Ontario to six months in 1929 as against three months this year. The rate will be in effect from January 15 to July 15.

Real Friendship Lasts

Does Not Alter With Circumstances
It Is Genuine

Once a southern man presented letters of introduction to a socially prominent New York friend, and received the incredible reply, "Our social circle is already complete." Such nobility could never know aught of real friendship. No alive person would willingly close any avenue of his life to a possible friend; for friends are the finest fortune that life makes life. A "social circle" or a "set" may bore one; but true friends vitallize the soul and fertilize the brain.

Real friendship lasts. That is not the genuine friendship which "alters" when it alteration finds. Of the greatest friend it is recorded, "Having loved His own, He loved them unto the end."

Canadian Orchestra
Scores Triumph

Permanent Records Made Of Two Popular Selections

A distinct contribution to the advancement of Canadian orchestra music is the recording of two outstanding popular selections of recent years—Naxos and Frivolous—by the Eversley Concert Orchestra. This orchestra, which has brought the radio audience of CKRC with interesting programs during the past year, had the opportunity of making permanent records of the two selections, when in Montreal last October to play at the Radio Show. The recordings were made by the Victor Talking Machine Company, in their Montreal studio, and the records are being released this month.

Oppose Capital Punishment

Capital punishment was abolished by a heavy majority in a provincial vote taken by the Criminal Law Committee of the German Reichstag. The vote is not final. It serves only as a recommendation to the Reichstag.

Robot Disposes News

A young Russian inventor, M. Vinogradov, has invented a "robot" (mechanical man) newspaper-seller which calls out the chief news items and gives change.

As Seen By The Schoolboy
A blizzard is the inside of a duck. The whole world, except the United States, lives in the temperance zone. In the eighteenth century traveling was very romantic; most of the roads were only bird paths.

Transparent means something you can see through—for instance a key-hole.

The sun never sets on the British Empire, because the British Empire is in the east and the sun sets in the west.

A PATH THAT IS ALWAYS DRY
—Der Götze, Vienna.

W. N. L. 1704



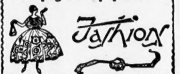
Sir Charles Gordon, President of the Bank of Montreal.

Good Year For Game

Ducks and Geese As Well As Part-ridges Have Been Plentiful In Alberta

The shooting during the past season in Alberta, has been unusual. The ducks and geese have been plentiful than for many years and the Hungarian partridge have also increased markedly. Some very respectable bags of the latter have been secured—six and eight being not uncommon, as against a brace in former years. Prairie chickens, quail and snipe are also plentiful and it is felt that the game authorities are wise in continuing to extend the closed season.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



329

Junior Sports Dress

A practical sports dress of modern lines, printed jersey, with plain turn-over collar, cuffs and patch pockets. The two-piece skirt has inset inverted plaits at each side of front, below patch pockets, in copy red and printed satin. Style No. 329 is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

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W. N. L. 1704

Bank of Montreal Annual Meeting

Meeting Marked By Many Important Developments

The 111th annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal, held at the head office, was marked by a number of important incidents and developments. Sincere expressions of regret were made at the absence of Sir Vincent Meredith, Chairman of the Board, who had presided at the Annual Meeting of the bank for so many years.

Of special importance was the announcement of an increase in the authorized capital from \$21,175,000 to \$50,000,000. No indication was given of the amount that would be issued at the present time.

Sir Charles Gordon, president of the bank, presided for the first time. In his address to shareholders, he said, in part—

"Reviewing the business situation in Canada, one cannot but remark how rapidly the basic sources of our national wealth are widening. The concurrence of a wide variety of raw material with wide markets for all-round development, and the fact that realized in the establishment of primary enterprises involving large investments of capital and contributing in marked degree to the national security."

"There seems to be a somewhat general feeling of optimism, and I have transferred large amounts of money to New York for employment in call money, and I have been very successful. The policy of the bank, which has been to carry in New York, and to serve our quick assets. No funds, however, are over-transferred to New York or London to be loaned on call, and every legitimate business of our country has been carefully examined, and if at all possible, carried out by our loan officers."

"Sir Frederick William-Taylor, General Manager of Bank of Montreal, said, in part—

"Canada as a whole has enjoyed more prosperity than before. At the commencement of 1928 a success of good harvests had been placed the country on a prosperous footing, and the position had been further improved this year by good average yields of the staple crops in all the other provinces, while the Prairie Provinces have far surpassed their previous records. In industrial activity an extraordinary enlargement has shown itself in construction works, many being of a most impressive character. These include further expansion of the steel industry, great natural assets, water power, minerals and forests."

"These factors have put large sums of money into general circulation; they have increased the demand for many of our industries, and have created the highest scale of employment since the War. Particularly in the two chief industrial provinces, Quebec and Ontario, the demand has been on an unprecedented scale, leading to the opening of new lines of production."

"In Western Canada the year has been remarkable, not only for the record grain crops in the Prairie Provinces, but also for the reduction in harvesting cost per bushel, due chiefly to good weather and progress to the growing effectiveness of agricultural machinery."

"The relative decline of rural population, often the subject of comment, is partly attributable to the increased production per man of increased use of farm labor and increased and improves the living conditions of our rural population."

"These developments show the Canadian farmer today as a man of affairs who is rapidly bringing the methods up to the standard of highly developed urban industries."

Last Year's Export
Of Wheat Doubled

Largest Amount Was Shipped To United Kingdom

Exports of Canadian wheat during the present crop year more than double those of the same period in 1927. For the three months ending October 31, exports amounted to 567,168 bushels, as compared with 283,585 bushels during the same period of 1927, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Of the total, 284,605 bushels went to the United Kingdom; 311,924 bushels to the United States; and 31,559 bushels to other countries.

Predicts Brown-Skinned Race
One inheritance which the present day white race will pass on to its children of some distant future will be a brown skin, Dr. Morris Fishbein believes. Dr. Fishbein, editor of the Journal of the American Medical Association, predicts that ultra-violet rays will cause in time a change in the pigment of the skin.

Railroad gatekeeper (to motorist stalled on the tracks)—"Keep back there 'till the train goes by. I ain't got no time to swain you up if it hits ye."

The heaviest wood known is iron wood. It weighs 81 pounds per cubic foot and sinks in water.

"Abraham, last night I dreamed that you lent me 600 pounds."

"Well, as you are good friends, you may pay me back 400 and keep the 100."—Hun Humer, Madrid.

Birds Build Strange Houses

Hammer-Headed Stork Needs Three-Roomed Tenement

A three-roomed tenement is built by the hammer-headed stork for the housing of himself and family. He is a native of Africa, and in his construction work utilizes enormous sticks which he faxes between the branches of a tree. Any ordinary bird could creep into the lowest compartment from a passing breeze, slopes up to another flat decorated with bright pebbles and bleached bones. Above this is the nursery, the walls of which are lined with mud to keep out draughts. A curious nest is the one the swiflet builds in Borneo, and which is known to commerce as the edible nest of the Chinese gourd. The bird builds in caverns around the coasts, and nest-builders go with ladders and tear them down and export them. It is said that edible nests to the value of \$1,000,000.00 are imported into China every year. "We nest is woven from a secretion the bird produces—hence its food value."

When seven persons were plunged, in an automobile, into the icy currents of the Mud River, Westbourne, Mass., on April 1 last, Miss Magenta Hartford, without a moment's hesitation, went to their rescue and saved the lives of all but one woman, who was swept away before she could be reached. She will receive the parchment certificate.

The second instance in the annals of the society where a husband and wife were responsible for the saving of a life, occurred at Stony Lake, Sask., last summer, when Canon Walter Burd, an English church clergyman, and his wife brought two children to shore. The children, William Holliday and Bernice Chambers, had been carried out into the lake in a canoe by the wind, and were clinging to the canoe. The clergyman and his wife, who happened along, swam out to the children and brought them in. Husband and wife will receive one certificate with both names engraved on it.

Others who receive parchment certificates and a brief account of their deeds are as follows:

Marjorie Kirk saved the life of J. L. Kerr, in Burrard Inlet, Sunshine, B.C., on July 13, 1928.

Three young men, G. Morrison, Thomas Bell and John A. McDougall, saved Pear Down when the latter was in danger of drowning at Hanon, Alta., on July 15, 1928.

Prospectors At Cranberry Portage Are Enjoying Modern Luxuries
"Cranberry Portage Steam Bath," a big sign on the newest building at Cranberry Portage, indicating that the new town in the north-west of Manitoba is trying to be up-to-date, has proved a magnet for the residents of the town.

The sign bears the word "Sauna." In Finnish, which is said to mean "bath," it is the word for a steam bath, and includes a shave, haircut, massage, clothes washed, trousers pressed and shoes polished. The sign is intended to mean a general clean-up, and this is what the residents of the town are now enjoying, especially Saturday nights. Boys attend the bath house from dawn to dusk, and a fireplace capped by an arch of stones.

Yesterday the school children were taught that the silkworm was the creator of silk, but today a large corporation cuts a juicy "silk on" out of profits very largely derived from artificial silk products. Wood and corn are also treated, have risen to challenge the old supremacy of a worm in this expensive textile field.

A German chemist tells of a successful process for making synthetic gasoline for which a cautious American oil company has acquired the patent rights on this continent. The product is derived largely from coal, and is a staple of the business, which thus promises revenge for the invasion of the heating field by oil.

Lumber, once a staple of the building world, is finding competition here from modern substitutes. The telephone companies, with an eye to the future, are making trade alliances with radio organizations. Artificial leather has replaced leather to a large extent for upholstery. The list might be extended indefinitely.

In these days of scientific research and chemical activity, no industry is exempt from the future, and any "I have control. I am indispensable. There is no such thing as competition unless I am concerned."

Peace River Population

Report - States Population Nearly Doubled During Past Year

It is estimated that in the ten months ended October 31st, more than 10,000 persons have come into the Peace River country to take up residence. This is almost as many as were formerly resident in the north during the summer of 1927. It has been estimated that the area of cultivated land in the Peace River country, in 1927, was 525,000 acres. The amount ready for crop in 1929 will be in the neighborhood of 900,000 acres.

British Boys and Girls Coming

Two hundred British boys will be brought to Alberta next year under the system originated by George Houston, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta. Two parties of British girls for domestic service in Alberta are also being brought out during the winter.

Call Feeding Competition
A trial of 21 cars was held in 1,000 calves have been brought to Saskatoon from Alberta for the Saskatoon Call-Feeding Competition. The calves, after being weighed individually and given an ear tag, were distributed in lots up to five, to those who have made applications for them. The competition will be held in June.

Sheep Raising In B.C.

Sheep raising is a growing industry in Penticton region of the southern interior of British Columbia, several thousand sheep having recently been imported from the Prairie Provinces.

"Terribly rough," said the stranger on board the ocean liner.

"Well," said the farmer, "I wouldn't care to go as rough as the captain would like in the furrows."

People of the United Kingdom estimate \$240,000,000 worth of imported goods in the past year.

Recruit: "There was a man in our village who did, and he was never the same man afterwards."—Sundagman-Stirk, Stockholm.

Awards For Bravery

Westerners Receive Recognition At Hands Of Royal Humane Society

Awards for bravery were announced by the headquarters of the Royal Humane Society, in Canada, recently.

Joseph Murphy, St. Boniface, will receive the bronze medal. He plunged into the Seine River to rescue Madame Henri Ducharme, Madame Ducharme, who was clutching her small daughter to her breast, and Mr. Murphy rescued both mother and child.

Velma Smith, on August 30, 1928, saved Oliver Holloway from drowning at Crescent Beach, Vancouver, B. C., and will be given the parchment certificate.

When seven persons were plunged, in an automobile, into the icy currents of the Mud River, Westbourne, Mass., on April 1 last, Miss Magenta Hartford, without a moment's hesitation, went to their rescue and saved the lives of all but one woman, who was swept away before she could be reached. She will receive the parchment certificate.

The second instance in the annals of the society where a husband and wife were responsible for the saving of a life, occurred at Stony Lake, Sask., last summer, when Canon Walter Burd, an English church clergyman, and his wife brought two children to shore. The children, William Holliday and Bernice Chambers, had been carried out into the lake in a canoe by the wind, and were clinging to the canoe. The clergyman and his wife, who happened along, swam out to the children and brought them in. Husband and wife will receive one certificate with both names engraved on it.

Others who receive parchment certificates and a brief account of their deeds are as follows:

Marjorie Kirk saved the life of J. L. Kerr, in Burrard Inlet, Sunshine, B.C., on July 13, 1928.

Three young men, G. Morrison, Thomas Bell and John A. McDougall, saved Pear Down when the latter was in danger of drowning at Hanon, Alta., on July 15, 1928.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

SOUP MILK CAKE

1 cup sugar.
1 egg.
1 large lump butter.
1 large lump milk.
Mix well together, then add 1/2 cup baking molasses.

1 teaspoon baking soda dissolved in 1/2 cup of sour milk.
1 full cup sour milk.
1 teaspoon cinnamon.
1/2 cup of sugar.
1 teaspoon cloves.
1/2 cup flour, seedless raisins.
1/2 cup sifted flour.
Mix all together and bake in a medium oven about twenty-five minutes.

RAISIN POLENTA

1 cup cornmeal.
3 cups boiling water.
1/2 cup raisins.
1 tablespoon salt.
1 tablespoon fat.
1 small chopped green pepper.
1 pound chopped round steak.
1/2 cup seedless raisins.
2 cups tomato sauce.

Add cornmeal slowly to boiling water, stirring constantly to prevent lumping. Add 1/2 teaspoon salt and cook 10 minutes. Melt fat in small frying pan, add chopped pepper and simmer a few minutes with pan covered. Remove cover and add chopped meat and 1/2 teaspoon salt; cook stirring constantly, until red color of meat has disappeared. Heat food cooking, in boiling water and put raisins through, using medium cutler. Add raisins and tomato sauce to meat mixture. In a greased baking dish put half of cooked cornmeal, top with meat mixture, then cornmeal, and put the rest of the cornmeal on top. Bake in a moderate oven (350 degrees F.), 30 to 40 minutes.

Well, said the farmer, "I wouldn't care to go as rough as the captain would like in the furrows."

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Hard On The Muscle

Much merriment was created by a sign in front of one of the city churches in Parkdale, Toronto, which read: Subject of Sunday evening's sermon, "Do you know what hell is?" and underneath it in smaller letters, "Come and hear our new organ."

Can you define matrimony?

"Yes, you do; to adore; you ring a bell, you give your name to a maid—and then you're taken in."

You can tell the road to success by the friendships scraped at by the way.

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THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of
Rupert and District
Subscription price \$2.00 per year
in advance for Canada or
foreign postage paid
\$2.50 to the United States

R. S. Service Proprietor A. Harkin
Thursday, Jan. 17, 1929

W. R. Brodie is visiting in
Saskatoon.

N. D. Storey was re-elected to the School Trustee Board at the Annual Meeting held on Thursday last week.

Mr. Hay has taken the place of H. Lofgren, as operator at the local railway depot; his wife and family will join him here in the near future.

We understand that Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hall, of Guelph, are returning from Rochester this week. Mrs. Hall is reported as being improved in health.

Const. Barnes made a trip to Abbey, Sask., today.

A large number of people in town and country are still on the sick list with 'flu' and kindred ailments.

Weather of this past week has been much more winter like, being colder and more stormy than heretofore this season.

Mr. Walters, bookkeeper at the R. A. Pool Hardware, has been in very poor health during the past week.

Messrs. D. McEachern, W. Leach, J. Rauch and Melvin Farr are entering the Calgary hospital which is to be held next week.

This is the show you have wanted to see, Harold Lloyd in 'Speedy' at the Empress Theatre, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Murdoch and children left on Saturday morning for England.

Rawleigh Barry left for Regina on Tuesday morning, accompanied by Rev. Father Sullivan, who is also making a trip there.

An enjoyable little dance was staged in the theatre on Wednesday evening by Messrs. S. Barnes and V. Saunders. Music was rendered by the Empress orchestra.

Mr. and Mrs. E. McGill, returned from Medicine Hat on Friday, where they had been to attend the funeral of Mr. McGill's mother. The sympathy of the community is expressed to Mr. McGill in his recent bereavement.

A survey of publications places the Family Herald and the Weekly Star of Montreal at the head for variety and quality of reading. Always recognized as a steady guide and a counselor to the farmer the survey pronounces it almost as equally popular in urban homes.

R. M. Mantario No. 262

Minutes of meeting of Monday, Jan. 7th, 1929, at Orange Hall, Culbert, 10 a.m.; present, Reeve Austrum, Cus. Kinch, Montgomery, Harry Richards and Heston, L. G. Walker (Reeve 1928) was also present.

Reeve Austrum, Cus. Kinch, Richards and Batty took the oath of office.

The finance committee examined the accounts presented; the following were found correct: Battiford Mental Hospital, 120.00; Estonia, Nov. 152.50; Ditto, Dec. 245.50; Sask. 679; Empress, 65.00 Total hospital, 625.00.

P. P. Zaslavsky, M.H.O. 45.00; J. Adams, bailiff's fees, \$38.10; Mowat, McTavish audit, \$9.15; Empress Express, 4.80; Sec. Treas., postage, exchange,

freight, 3.40; R. A. Pool, 8.00; Stationery Supplies, 10.00; Remington Typewriter, \$2; A. Olson, cultivator, Div. IV, 146.75; D. Fitzpatrick, Roads, Div. IV, 45.00; Richardson Road Machinery Maintainer, Div. 11, 150.00.

Minutes previous meeting adopted on motion of Cn. Heston.

Treasurer's monthly statement adopted on motion of Cn. Batty. Collections have been unusually good and the cash surplus will be sufficient to meet the telephone and school levies till Sept. 30th without recourse to loans.

Committees—Roads, Cn. Batty, on motion of Cn. Heston. Appointed by the Reeve—Health, the whole Council; Assessment, the whole Council; Schools, Dahl and Batty; Finance, Heston and Batty.

Montgomery—That the regular meeting be on the 3rd Saturday of the month, at the Orange Hall, Culbert, for month of February and March.

Kinch—That the pound and poundkeepers be:

1. Mrs. Schreffler, Gorefield, N. 36.21.27 w. 3.

2. H. H. Klippert, Estuary, All 36.23.28 w. 3.

3. H. J. Hughes, Empress, S.W. 34.29 w. 3.

4. Everett C. Turner, Mont. 34.5.20.27 w. 3.

5. Geo. Dittman, Sask. N.E. 17.27.28 w. 3.

6. W. Grant Johnson, Alaska, N.W. 22.26.29 w. 3.

Austrum—That A. Anderson, of Monarto, be appointed as weed inspector for the Municipality.

Heston—That school certificates be advised that it is estimated for the year be set on approved form on or before March 1st, 1929.

Batty—That Reeve Austrum be the member of the Estonia Hospital Board. Carried.

Kinch—That Cus. Batty and Mr. J. P. Rivers be the members of the Empress Hospital Board. Carried.

Heston—That Messrs. Mowat, McTavish & Co. be re-appointed auditors. Carried.

Austrum—That Dr. Lord be appointed M.H.O. for Div.

Yorkshire Boars

Yorkshire Boars for service now at the home of the undersigned. This hog is a real bacon type, recently received from the C. F. farm at Stathams. Those interested please take notice. T. C. Rogers, Windsor, Alta.

Dr. A. K. McNeill (Dr. D. N. MacCharles) Physician and Surgeon Phone 44 Office - - - Centre Street

DENTIST Dr. DOWLER Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays Office: Royal Bank Building (Opposite Hotel) AT LEADER'S Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays

DOMINION CAFE FIRST CLASS MEALS Good Rooms Always a Full Stock Carried Candles, Cigars, Cigarettes ICE CREAM & SUNDAYES Dances and after theatre lunches A Place of City Style.

NORMAN CHELL agent for Mason & Rich Pianos, Gramophones, Orthophones, etc. PIANOS TUNED Empress - - - Alberta

John Sandereck for Life Insurance, Fire Insurance, Sickness & Accident Insurance All Reliable Companies

100; Stationery Supplies, 10.00; Remington Typewriter, \$2; A. Olson, cultivator, Div. IV, 146.75; D. Fitzpatrick, Roads, Div. IV, 45.00; Richardson Road Machinery Maintainer, Div. 11, 150.00.

EMPRESS THEATRE

1111 LAUGHS HAROLD LLOYD

"SPEEDY"

A PASSED 'U' PICTURE

Why do the kids rave about him? Why do the girls adore him? Why do mothers laugh? Father HOWL? ---'cause Harold's got "IT" with a comic twist!

"SPEEDY" is here! A hoarse carload of laughs. - - - Let's go!

Prices: 60c, U.S., 35c, and 25c

I take pleasure in announcing that I have been appointed Agent for the

Massey-Harris Implement Company

for the coming Season of 1929. I will be in a position to serve you with promptness and despatch with any and all Implements and Repairs manufactured by the above Company.

It will be a privilege and pleasure to supply you with any information and prices on respective lines.

Do Not Forget to Ask about the

New Wallis Tractor

Yours truly,

R. A. POOL

Pre-Inventory Prices on

following lines:

Stanfield's Heavy Rib Underwear

Men and Boy's Sweaters and Blazers

Men's Flannel Shirts, Mackinaws and Leather Coats

Don. MacRae "Service and Satisfaction"

Brodie's Store News

BARTLETT PEARS, sliced, 2 1-2

lb. tins, 3 tins

\$1.00

SILVER BAR PEACHES, sliced, 2 1-2 lb. tins, 3 tins

\$1.00

Pride of Ontario, PURE HONEY, 5 lb. tins

85c.

For an Ideal Winter Vacation Visit the PACIFIC COAST VANCOUVER - VICTORIA - NEW WESTMINSTER

LOW EXCURSION FARES

See the Canadian Rockies in Winter! Banff Winter Carnival Feb. 2 to 9

Tickets on Sale Jan. 1, 3, 8, 10, 14, 17, 22, 24, 29, 31, Feb. 5 and 7

RETURN LIMIT April 15, 1929

Come in time for the SEA MUSIC FESTIVAL Jan. 23 to 26 Hotel Vancouver, Vancouver

DAILY TWO FINE TRAINS DAILY THE MOST IN TRAVEL COMFORT CANADIAN PACIFIC The Pictureque Way to California is Via The Coast

Financial Statement for the Village of Empress Alberta, for the Year Ending December 31st, 1928

RECEIPTS		DISBURSEMENTS	
Balance at Dec. 31, 1927, on per bank book	\$ 543.41	Notes Paid, principal	209.45
Municipal Taxes, general	2864.78	Salaries Sec. Treas., officers, 440.00; current, 400.00; Auditor, 10.00	520.00
Supplementary Revenue Taxes	45.00	Premium: Sec. Treas. bond	5.00
Licenses	45.00	Tax Recovery Costs	24.30
Commission on Supp. Rev. Taxes	12.23	Public Works, 578.20; Fire Dept., 210.00	888.20
Rent: Coal for Heston	62.55	Sanitation, 152.00; Health and Relief 99.30	541.30
Rate interest	60.00	Supp. Rev. Taxes, paid to D. Pt. Mun. Affairs	200.00
Courtesy	37.50	School Taxes paid to School District	78.80
Land sold	231.00	Postage, printing, stationery, telephone, tele- phone	48.91
Building sold	140.00	Exchange	25.00
Rent	28.35	Courtesy	19.65
		Mother's Allowance to Attorney-General	429.00
		Public Works, 578.20; Fire Dept., 210.00	788.20
		Waterworks, fuel	19.38
		Overdraft, Dec. 31, 1927, 15.21; Bank balance, Cash on hand, 767.07 and 52.04	834.92
Total	\$3867.61	Total	\$3867.61

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Credit Balance in Bank and Cash on Hand at Dec. 31, 1928	\$19.71	S. R. Collections owing which Village holds title	1005.90
Uncollected Mun. Taxes	2588.86	Miscellaneous Attorney Gen. for Mother's Allowance	1605.00
Uncollected Supplementary Revenue Taxes	106.90	M. H. O. P. Sec. 85.00; Fire Chief, 10.00	120.00
Fire Hazard Equipment	1215.00	Dept. Municipal Affairs, Supp. Rev.	44.24
Jan and other Property	2660.00	Balance Assets over Liabilities	3475.03
Miscellaneous: Courtesy	30.00		
Waterworks	1750.00		
Public Works	591.10		
Total	\$7329.47	Total	\$7329.47

Statement of Municipal Taxes		Statement of Supplementary Revenue Taxes	
Valuation: Land only	\$5850.00	Valuation	5850.00
Buildings and improvements at two-thirds of Value	86110.00	Car tax Levy at 15 mills	144.25
	18100.00	Amount Uncollected Dec. 31st, 1927	1129.08
Current Levy at 50 mills	3637.70	Penalties collected in 1928	107.57
Amr. uncollected Dec. 31st, 1927	30942.43	Total Due	1381.50
Penalties and extensions in 1928	3053.71	Amount collected in 1928	92.89
Total due	37563.24	Exemptions and Cancellations	288.71
Payments: Current	2096.89	Amount Uncollected Dec. 31st, 1928	1085.80
Arrears	587.89	Due Dept. from prev. year's collections	151.65
Discounts	213.11	Amount paid Dept. during year	200.00
Exemptions and Cancellations	5747.49	Balance owing Dept. on Coll. at Dec. 31st, 1928	44.24
Amount Uncollected at Dec. 31st, 1928	28898.95		

Estimated Population, 1500.
Number of lots or parcels under Taxation 710
Number of lots or parcels exempt from Tax 440
Total number of lots or parcels in Municipality 1200

I hereby certify to the correctness of this statement.
Dated at Empress the 12th day of January, 1929.

G. M. MILLER, Auditor, Empress, Alta.